## Addition W

Materials: Full deck of cards (2-10 only)

## Directions:

l. Two or more players can play. Shuffle the deck of
 cards and place the deck in the middle of the players.
2. Each player takes 2 cards and adds them together (finds the sum). Next, each player says their sum out loud. For example, player I may say " 4 plus 5 equals 9".
3. The player with the highest sum wins and keeps all of the cards used for that round (4). If there is a tie, each player may keep their own cards and add them to their pile.
4. The player with the most cards at the end wins!

## more ways to play!

Basic Subtraction War-Players turn up 2 cards and subtract the smaller number from the larger. The least difference wins.
Advanced Addition War- Turn up $\mathbf{3}$ (or $\mathbf{4}$ ) cards for each round and add them together.
Basic Multiplication War- Turn up 2 cards and multiply. The greatest product wins.
Advanced Product War- Turn up 3 (or 4) cards and multiply. The greatest product wins.
Fraction War-Players turn up 2 cards and make a fraction, using the smaller card as the numerator and the larger as the denominator. The player with the greatest fraction wins the round.
Wild War- Players turn up $\mathbf{3}$ cards and may do whatever math manipulation they wish with the numbers. The greatest answer wins.
Place Value War- Turn over 2 or $\mathbf{3}$ cards and create a $\mathbf{2}$ or $\mathbf{3}$-digit number (more digits for older students!). Move the cards to arrange them to create the highest number. The greatest (or smallest!) number wins.

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2. Each player takes $\mathbf{5}$ cards. Player I must find a pair of cards with a sum of 10 and say it out loud. For example, player 1 may say " 4 plus 6 equals 10 ". Player I will make a new pile with his cards that made a 10 .
3. If Player I does not have any cards that add up to 10 , he may ask his partner for a helpful addend. For example, Player $\mathbf{I}$ has an 8 and asks for a 2. If his partner has the card, they must hand it over. If not, they say, "Go fish!" and Player I must draw a card.
4. Repeat all steps for Player 2.
5. The player with the most cards at the end wins!
*If a player has a 10 , they may use that card by itself and say the fact " $10+0=10$ "

## more WaYs to play!

Advanced IO's Go Fish-Same rules as above, only players may also make related subtraction 10 's facts. For example: $10-4=6$
Doubles Go Fish-Players must make doubles facts using their cards.
Sum of the Day Go Fish- Choose a "Sum of the Day" and challenge students to find as many different ways to add up that sum.
Advanced Sum of the Day Go Fish-Choose a "Sum of the Day" and challenge students to find as many different ways to add up and subtract from that sum.
Even/Odd Sums Go Fish- Players can only make addition or subtraction facts with an even or odd sum/difference.
Even/Odd Products Go Fish- Players can only make multiplication facts with an even or odd product.
Whole Fractions Go Fish- Players must lay down a numerator and denominator that is equal to I whole.
Half Fractions Go Fish- Players must lay down a numerator and denominator that is equal to I half.

